

## WARNING.

We wish to caution all users of Simmons Liver Regulator as a subject of the deepest interest and importance to their health—perhaps their lives. The sole proprietors and makers of Simmons Liver Regulator, but J. H. Ziehl & Co., and no medicine made by anyone else is the same. We alone can put it up, and we cannot be responsible if other imitations represented as the same do not help you as you are led to expect they will. Beware of this fact in mind, if you have been in the habit of using a medicine, the only one supposed to be Simmons Liver Regulator, because the name was somewhat like it, and the package did not have the word "Regulator" on it, you have been imposed upon and have not been taking Simmons Liver Regulator at all. The Regulator has been favorably known for many years, and all who use it know how necessary it is for Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all disorders arising from a disordered Liver.

We ask you to look for yourselves, and see that Simmons Liver Regulator, which you can readily distinguish by the Red Z on wrapper, and by our name, is the only medicine called Simmons Liver Regulator.

J. H. ZIEHL & CO.

Take  
Simmons Liver Regulator.

L. & N. RAILROAD

THE GREAT

THROUGH TRUNK LINE

between the cities of

Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville

Evansville, St. Louis,

And the cities of

Nashville, Memphis, Montgomery

Mobile and New Orleans,

Without Change

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SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

From St. Louis, Evansville,

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From above cities to Nashville

and Chattanooga, making

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WITH PULLMAN PALACE CARS

For Atlanta, Savannah, Macon,

Jacksonville and Points

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Connections are made at Guthrie

and Nashville for all points

North, East, South and West

In Pullman Palace Cars.

EMIGRANTS

Seeking homes on the line of this

road will receive special low rates

See agents of this company for

rates, routes, etc., or write to

C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A.,

Louisville, Kentucky.

GEORGE KING,

DRUGGIST,

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KENTUCKY.

Like Fine of Druggists' Sundries

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Hotel \$2.00

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MADISONVILLE, KY.

EVANSVILLE ROUTE

CHICAGO

THE

TRUNK LINE

TO THE

NORTH

ROUTE OF THE

CHICAGO AND

NASHVILLE LIMITED

THE ONLY

Pullman Vestibuled Train Service with

Newest and Finest Day Coaches,

Sleepers and Dining Cars

FROM THE SOUTH

TO

Terre Haute, Indianapolis,

CHICAGO,

Milwaukee, St. Paul,

AND ALL PORTS IN THE

NORTH AND NORTHWEST.

L. ROBERTS,

G. P. & T. A., Evansville, Ind.

U. S. R. GRIFFIN,

G. P. & T. A., Evansville, Ind.

## AN IMPOSING CEREMONY.

How the New President Will Be Inaugurated.

THE TRIP TO THE CAPITOL.

Cannon Will Announce the Taking of the Oath.

The Great Parade From Capitol to White House—Contrast Between the Present Display and That of Other Times—The Great Ball in the Pension Building.

The first president of the United States to take the oath in Washington was Jefferson, and it is one of the traditions of history that he rode to the capitol, hitched his horse with his own hand and went without escort in to the senate chamber, where he was sworn in. This story, though, has another version, which is sustained by some authority. It is said that Jefferson was living in a boarding place not far from the capitol, and that on the day of the inauguration he walked to the senate chamber in a very democratic way and entered without escort. He went back to the boarding house and set, as was his custom, at the foot of the table that evening, and when some one offered to congratulate him he said that he would rather be congratulated at the end of his administration than at the beginning of it. There is no doubt of Jefferson's "simplicity" in his official relations. Though he had been accustomed to the life of a planter having a small army of slaves at his beck and call, he refused to observe the ceremonies which Washington and his friends had thought should be a part of the tribute to the great office of president, and he was found by a foreign minister one day blacking his own boots.

Washington was escorted from his home in Mount Vernon to Elizabeth City, spending one night at Princeton, where he was to be present afterward at a famous graduation of the university; and at Trenton young girls strewed flowers in his path. From Elizabeth City he went by stage to New York, still under formal escort, and his entry to New York was of a triumphal character. His inauguration was a severe physical effort, and he was followed by attendance on divine service. He took the oath in the presence of the people in front of the federal building, and

with their visitors, Jefferson was the originator of that much abused custom. Jefferson's second term was begun as unostentatiously as the first. There was a goodly crowd of people in the galleries of the capitol.

Major McKinley will ride to the capitol about 11:30 Thursday morning. Troop A of Cleveland will be in the lead. It is one of the finest militia troops in the United States. It was organized in 1877 by Colonel William H. Harris, a veteran of the civil war. It has taken part in the inauguration of Governor Charles Foster of Ohio, 1880, the inauguration of President Garfield in the following year, the funeral of President Garfield, the international military movement at Chicago, 1887; the inauguration of Governor J. H. Foraker, 1888; the centennial celebration at New York, 1890. It has acted as escort to President Garfield, President Hayes, President Cleveland and President Harrison on different occasions.

The escort of the president in the parade will be the Eighteenth Infantry, U. S. A., which is composed of companies organized in the counties Major McKinley has represented in congress. Three of the companies are located in Canton, and the signal corps are located in Canton. The sidewalks of the streets through which Major McKinley will pass on his way to the capitol will be thronged. The crowd will be kept clear and the crowd will be kept in check by ropes stretched high along the curb.

Three Madison's time the ceremonial accompanying the inauguration has grown more elaborate. Jackson and William Henry Harrison rode to the capitol on horseback, but not in the simple style which marked the inauguration of Jefferson. Each had a military escort. In 1833 Jackson rode to the capitol with Van Buren in a phaeton made of wood from the Old Capitol.

Only the inauguration of Hayes was uneventful compared with those which preceded and have followed it. Mr. Hayes came into town quietly, took the oath of office, and then he went to the capitol to deliver his address Monday. There was no torchlight procession.

President Eliot and Mrs. McKinley may go to their two-story frame house in Canton, where they have spent many happy days, with a touch of regret. In that house have come to them their greatest triumphs. I say their triumphs because all that Major McKinley has belongs to both of them in the fullest degree. It was in that house that they received the news of Mr. McKinley's nomination, and there the news of his success at the polls was flashed to them over the special wires.

Major McKinley will see few visitors except the members of his cabinet to be. All of them are expected to be here. And then his great and good friend, Mr. Hanna, will be in and out of his rooms all hours of the day. But the office seeker will be kept at the outer gate.

General Porter, the marshal of the inaugural parade, will call and submit the plan of that display for Major McKinley's approval. The senate committee which has charge of the inaugural ceremony will call to notify him what will be expected of him. The plan of the parade, however, is a very serious matter, for, however poorly a president may carry out the policy which he announces at his inauguration, he cannot people always make his utterance seriously.

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CHARLES J. BELL.

(Chairman of the executive committee.)

house, but they would have been in a laudable comparison with the crowds which will attend the McKinley ceremony. James Madison led a really great crowd in attendance at his inauguration. There was a show of ceremony for the first time in 12 years, and 10,000 people, according to the estimate of the historian, congregated about the capitol unable to gain admittance. There was a parade, in which regular troops of infantry and cavalry took part, and soldiers were fired at the navy yard and at Fort Washington, not far from the capitol. The troops escorted the president from the capitol to the White House. In the evening a reception was given at the hotel, on Louisiana avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets, which was attended by the president. And the National Intelligencer records the fact that 400 people were present on this festive occasion.

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\$300 and \$400.

Whatever the cause, the number of visitors promised is not so great as in some former years, but there will be an enormous crowd, and every inch of sleeping room in every hotel and boarding house in Washington has been reserved. Even now people are being turned away from hotels or accepted for only one day or two. Men and women will walk the streets on Wednesday night.

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On the new streets around the capitol in uniform will await the start to start. First the president's escort will move. Ahead of it will ride Grand Marshal Porter, in full military uniform, with polished sabre, and his glittering aide, behind will come the carriage drawn by four horses in which the president and Mr. Cleveland will ride. Then will come the troops of the regular army, the national guard, the organizations of veterans, and finally the political clubs. Forty thousand men will march if present provisions are fulfilled, and at the rate of 12,000 men an hour, it will take them 8 hours and 30 minutes to pass the president's reviewing stand, in front of the White House.

At this reviewing stand the president and Mr. Cleveland will pass. President McKinley will take his place at the front of the stand, and, raising his hat in response to the salutes of those who pass, will review the whole of the parade, from the grand marshal to the last of the McKinley and Hobart clubs. Then he will go to the White House to rest until the hour for the ball. It was dark four years ago when the review was completed.

There have been inaugural balls since the day of Washington. The only presidential ball in the pension building, where the ball next Thursday will occur. They are gorgeous, glittering, glorious frolics, these inaugural balls. They are not balls at all. They are promenade concerts, for the crowd is so dense that movement of any kind is difficult, and dancing is impossible. But they are splendid as spectacles. Ten thousand men in black and white uniforms, the United States army and the pension building next Thursday night. Brilliant lights, bright draperies and thousands of guests.

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# The Bee

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(Incorporated.)  
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Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1897.



## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**CIRCUIT JUDGE.**  
MARBLE—We are authorized to announce Hon. William Marble, of Princeton, as a candidate for Circuit Judge in this, the Fourth Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

**STATE SENATE.**  
ROBINSON—We are authorized to announce Hon. T. Robinson as a candidate for Senator, from the counties of Hopkins and Christian, subject to the action of the Republican party.

**WEATHER FORECAST.**  
For Thursday, partly cloudy and slowly rising temperature.

MANY mines in the Pittsburgh district whose employees have submitted to concessions in the mining rate are now only working half time and some have shut down. There is not enough business to go around and the only way to get new customers is to take them from competitors by cutting rates and losing money. About ten million bushels will go down the river on the present rise to crowd markets already overstocked. Coal at Cincinnati is selling at 4 cts per bushel.

IN North Carolina there has been a progressive movement for good roads. Each county holds an election to decide how much money to raise by taxation for road purposes. They are working convictions on their roads and report that it costs less to work them on the highways than to feed them in the jails, averaging about 20 cents per day for board, clothes, medical attention and salaries of the guards. The State has a population of 1,600,000, but 3,700 of whom are foreigners.

**THE Manufacturers' Record** offers for the adoption of the South for the 1897 campaign the following single-plank platform: "Resolved, that we all unite in a persistent effort to awaken public interest in material affairs; to encourage home enterprises; to give special attention to all new undertakings; to discourage all political dogmatism; to frown down every attempt to arouse hostility to capital; to do all that is possible to make the South a safe and attractive place for the investment of money; to untiringly work to show our people the importance of encouraging the immigrants who do come."

**Repelling Investment.**  
The folly of the communistic legislative attacks upon invested capital is nowhere shown more than in Kansas. Owing to the agrarian laws regulating passenger and freight rates there is but one railroad corporation in the State that has paid a dividend for several years, and that one earned no portion of the 2 per cent which it paid from its business obtained in Kansas. The face value of the capital originally invested in these roads has depreciated until it is worth but twenty cents on the dollar. What inducement can there be for people to put their money in enterprises which promise well and would develop the country if they are to be at the mercy of demagogues who by adverse legislation deprive such investments of their power to earn interest and their cutlay. After having invested capital to contribute to the building of railroad lines which are denied the isolated section, the Senators, but neglected forget all their deprivations and privileges now upon ruling or

ruining their benefactors. Does it not follow as a matter of course that railroad building has fallen off, because a great shrinkage has taken place in the value of stocks and so many have been deprived of the non-payment of dividends of needed income that the public will hardly listen with courtesy to the promoter of a new line. Those who complain of present rates as unreasonable should consider the difference between today and former days and reflect upon the comparative privileges now enjoyed. Competition forces sufficient reduction, without the interference of ignorant legislators for political effect.

## DOWN IN THE MINES.

One who is well posted as to the coal productions of the western Kentucky coal fields for the last two years, says that the production of coal for the year 1895, exceeded that of 1896 by about 200,000 bushels.

The Providence Coal Company is no longer manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company at that place, having lately thrown up the position, and now use telephone exclusively when they can.

Quite a number of the Harpers miners favor Harvey Bourland for county judge, and it is generally conceded that he would make a good one.

The demand from the North and West for the coal made at Earlington has of late been on the increase, which indicates a revival of business.

Miners throughout the country are generally agreed on one point, and that is that the Republican party favor a duty on coal which will protect their interests against the foreign production. The action of the committee now at work on a tariff bill justifies them in that belief, and the vote of the miners in such states as Kentucky, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, all large coal producing states at the recent election indicated their views on this question.

The miner's choice for postmaster at St. Charles is Jake McEuen, and a better selection could not be made.

A bill has been introduced in the Illinois legislature to prevent miners from being willfully and fraudulently deprived of their wages. In Kentucky what our miners want is more work and they have no complaint to make on account of failure to receive their just dues.

Secretary Geo. C. Atkinson, of the St. Bernard, is now in New Jersey on a visit. He would not admit that he would attend the inauguration of President elect McKinley, yet there are men here who would bet ten to one on his attendance, as his transportation calls him via Washington.

Superintendent Crutchfield, of St. Charles, was over on business last Saturday and judging from the hurry he was in to get back, he must have left that young daughter at home.

"The coming winter in Cornwall," says the Westminster Gazette, "will, it is feared, be a time of severe trial. The decrease in the mining districts has reached an acute stage. The price of iron has been gradually dropping for many months past, and it is now lower than it has been for nearly twenty years. Consequently miners are leaving the county in thousands. Since January last, over 1,000 miners from the districts of Cambrone and Redruth alone have emigrated to South Africa and other colonies. In fact, Cornwall is fast losing the best of its brain and muscle. Last year no less than 2,086 Cornishmen left the county for South Africa alone."

## LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS.

The Maryland Court of Appeals has decided that one who uses the right of way of a railroad for any business disconnected with the railroad is a trespasser, who is to be regarded as having a full understanding of its insecurity, and as accepting the risks of all its dangers.

E. H. Mann, made Earlington a brief call on the 22d inst.

Washington's birthday was not observed by the boys on the Henderson division, but the fact is they have been so pushed with work that they have no time to have a holiday or take a day off.

Agent Etheridge and family made Nashville a visit last Saturday, and his better half is now sojourning there for a week or two.

It is stated upon good authority that when Operator Martin opened that Bryan book and saw McKinley's picture in it that although he belongs to the Sunday School choir, profusely flowed from his lips quite freely.

Walter Wright, of Foreman O'Brien's crew was called away from his post of duty by a serious accident which happened to his father near St. Charles.

The late heavy rain caused Supervisor Sullivan several extra trips over the road on the lookout to see that the high water did his track no damage.

A new side track has been put in at Roberts to enable the company to handle an increased tobacco trade.

Section foreman Edmondson, while taking a few days rest from the road has had charge of a grading crew who are preparing for a new side track at the Sebree mines.

Gov. Bradley has pardoned another of the juvenile convicts. He is Andrew Ross, the eleven-year-old Mercer county boy, who nearly wrecked a passenger train by putting obstructions on the track "to see how far the train would knock 'em." A big petition, including the names of the court officials, was presented in his behalf.

This from the Courier-Journal in regard to recent robbery of railroad cars tells how it was done and how the gang was captured: "The plan of the robbery was then learned. Mrs. Carter would go along by the cars, twist the wires, and the men would get in, and with scoops fill sacks brought for that purpose with the yellow grain. Wheat oats, and rye were taken. When everything was ready the sacks were removed from the car and taken away by him to the house at Twenty-ninth and Cleveland avenue. Sometimes Mrs. Carter would sell the grain. She was known at the mill as Mrs. Sbarik. Finally the gang began to take large

## SOLID FACTS AND INDICATIVE STRAWS.

A Piece of "Boodle" Literature Before Unpublished, Which Carries With It the Conviction of Truth.

Affidavit and Interview of Mr. W. L. Cunningham, of the Nebo County, Here Disclosed for the Consideration

## OF THE POPOCRATIC DEMAGOGUES.

The recent sensational escapade of the Mail in publishing the secret proceedings of the grand jury, which it must have procured from some indiscreet juror, can hardly be allowed to pass without comment. The facts of the case to which it alludes were fully set forth in these columns during the recent campaign, and refer to a sum of money left with a Nortonville man to be handed to the Republican precinct committeeman to be used for legitimate campaign purposes, which money was neither delivered nor returned. Advancement was taken of the fact that the money was left with a free silver man, and the true motive distorted into an attempt at boodling.

The result of the grand jury's investigations seemed to be disappointing and displeasing to the Mail. Its enterprising breach of confidence, in disclosing the secrets conveyed by a friendly, over-partisan juror, tells the public how the vote stood on this case but fails to record the action taken upon the genuine free silver boodler case from Nebo.

With the substance of the facts contained in the following affidavit before them, upon which some action must have been taken, why does not the Mail inform the people as to the jury's action in that case?

In an interview with Mr. W. L. Cunningham, of the Nebo County, THE BEE obtained the following affidavit:

I, W. L. Cunningham, a citizen of Hopkins county, do hereby state, that on the 3d day of November, 1896, I was in Nebo, Ky., for the purpose of voting, when Neal Payne, my cousin, a citizen of Nebo, Ky., approached me near Messrs. Cox & Hoffman's drug store, at the steps, with a roll of money in his hand, which money I saw, and which he said was \$50, but previous to making such statement we saw two men approaching and he asked me who they were and I told him that they were Bill Lynch and Mr. Bourland. Aed he asked me the question: "How are they? Are they for Bryan?" and I told him I thought they were sorer on the fence. He then said, "Wouldn't a drink of whiskey and a dollar or two vote them for Bryan?" and told me to go and talk to them. And I replied, "I think I will, but I'll get 'em to vote for McKinley if I can." He thought I was joking and said, "You old fool, we must get to business. I want you to take this here money, \$50, and buy and hire every fellow you can to vote for Bryan and if you cannot hire them to vote for Bryan, hire them to go and cut persimmon sprouts." I then said to him, "If I were to buy votes, I would buy them for McKinley, but I don't intend to buy them at all." And he then said, "Why, you have always been a Democrat, haven't you?" and I said "Yes, I have always been a Democrat, but I have changed and am going to vote for McKinley." When I told him that, he asked me if I meant what I said so enough, and I told him I did. He then begged me not to expose him. I told him if he would shut talking about Hendricks and the Republican party "boodling" I would not say anything about it, but if he didn't I would squeal on him right there, and he said he would.

Previous to this conversation, he had been telling me about Hendricks "boodling" up above Earlington. And I asked him what Hendricks meant. He replied, "Ed Hendricks, living in Madisonville." I found by reading the papers and otherwise that the talk did not stop and I felt it my duty to let the truth be known. W. L. CUNNINGHAM. Subscribed and sworn to before me by W. L. Cunningham this 20th day of February, 1897.

"I, F. PORTER, J. P. H. C. In a further conversation he stated to THE BEE that Neal Payne came to his house after the election, looking for him, but he was not at home. "I afterward met him in the post-office at Nebo," he continued, "and spoke to him about the matter, when he asked me if I had said anything to any body about what he had told me, and I told him I had. Then he said, 'You ought not to have done that, for it will ruin me.' Soon after that I understand he left the county and has not returned."

The strictures of the Mail upon what it terms the "remarkable action of the grand jury," and the "gross perversion of law and flagrant abuse of the powers with which grand jurors are vested," display the animus of this partisan sheet in its ludicrous attempt to pose as the immaculate protector of the people "without reference or regard to political faith or party affiliations."

The frantic efforts to impugn the motives of two of the jurors,

so that there might be a possibility of obtaining two others of different "party affiliations" and the silence in regard to the other case do not point to impartial judgment.

It would be in order for this alleged "people's paper" to say whether the Attorneys were as zealous in pushing the silver boodler case in the jury room with the same ardor it reports them to have exercised in the other investigation. And it should divulge whether this silver boodler case came to a final vote, if so how the vote stood, and the names of the voters on either side.

One of the many straws that indicate the honesty and high motives which actuate the management of the Mail is the record of the attempt by the man who is known as its senior proprietor, to cast a fraudulent vote for Bryan.

When challenged he insisted on voting but admitted that he had not been in the County the proper length of time. He could not have been ignorant of the law and persisted in attempting to violate the law. Mr. J. D. Martin was the challenger. Mr. Dayton Cooke and others witnessed the attempt.

The good name and reputation of the gentleman who composed the reported minority of the grand jury is enough to defend them against defamation at the hands of the "journalman" editor of a paper with such a record.

The jury was selected last September.

## PRIZE QUESTION CONTEST.

Names of Contestants who Have Been Adjudged Winners and Full Answers to the Questions.

## LIST OF PRIZES THEY WON.

In December THE BEE announced that it would give prizes to successful contestants in a history question contest, to run through its January issues, five questions a week, bearing on local and State history. The program has been carried through as announced and a committee has passed upon the answers submitted and awarded the prizes as follows:

J. Albert Larmouth, Jr., Earlington, Ky., Handsome Teacher's Bible.

Otis Hoard, Crofton, Ky., One Year's Subscription to Youth's Companion.

Lizzie Dean and Lillie Evans, Earlington, Ky., each One Year's Subscription to Ladies' Home Journal.

No contestant was considered who had not tried to answer the questions in each series.

A number of those who sent answers showed great care in their work, but did not persist in it and stopped short of the complete list. Much interest has been manifested by the persistent contestants and it gives us pleasure to announce the successful ones and their prizes.

Here are the questions and answers, and the contestants may see now how much they lacked getting one hundred per cent. on their work.

## SERIES I.

1. Give the birth place and date of birth of Daniel Boone, and state when he began the exploration of Kentucky, and date and name of first settlement?

Bucks County, Pennsylvania, February 11, 1735. Began exploration of Kentucky in 1769. First settlement, Boonesboro, in 1773.

2. Name Kentucky's chief minerals and say what two agricultural products are produced in larger quantities in Kentucky than in any other State?

Coal and Iron are the chief minerals. Kentucky produces more Tobacco and Hemp than any other State.

3. What is Kentucky's largest city and how does it rank in population with other cities of the United States?

Louisville—population 1897, 161,129 stands twelfth in rank.

4. Give the name, area and locality of the largest county in Kentucky.

Pike, 689,166 acres. East central, borders on Virginia and West Virginia.

5. When was Hopkins county formed, and for whom was it named. Give its present area, and for what product does it excel any county in the State?

1807—Gen. Stephen Hopkins of Revolutionary fame—304,840 acres—coal.

## SERIES 2.

1. Give the names of three counties which at one time embraced the whole State of Kentucky.

Payette, Jefferson and Lincoln.

2. Name the two men born in this State

**The Gun Goes Off**  
instantly when you pull the trigger. So sickness may come on suddenly. But it takes time to load the gun, and it takes time to get ready for those explosions called diseases. Coughs, colds, any "attack," whatever the subject be, often means preceding weakness and poor blood. Are you getting thin? Is your appetite poor? Are you losing that snap, energy and vigor that make "dear-headedness"? Do one thing: build up your whole system with SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil. It is the essence of nourishment. It does not nauseate, does not trouble the stomach. And it replaces all that disease robs you of. A book telling more about it sent free. Ask for it. SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

who achieve world-wide fame during the last half century.  
Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis.  
3. Give the name, weight and age, at the time of his death, of the "Kentucky Giant."  
James D. Porter—300 pounds; 1810—1858—49 years.  
4. Locate the highest bridge in the State, give the name of the stream it spans, and its height above the water.  
Cincinnati Southern R. R. Bridge, over Kentucky River, "High Bridge" Mercer county, 280 feet from bed of stream.  
5. Give the exact location and name of a noted hill in Hopkins county upon which a fortification erected by a prehistoric people.  
Fort Ridge on Princeton road, two miles west of Earlington.

SERIES 3.  
1. How many asylums for the insane in this State, and where located?  
Three. Hopkinsville, Lexington and Aechorage.  
2. Give the number of convicts in the State penitentiaries?  
About 1,600.  
3. When was the longest session of the Legislature and give the period of its duration?  
December 13, 1891. Regular session convened; called session convened August 25, 1892; adjourned regular session convened November 15, 1892; fiscal adjournment July 3, 1893.  
4. How many members constitute the Lower House of the Legislature and how many compose the Senate?  
House 100, Senate 38.  
5. Give the name of the last man legally executed in Hopkins county and the date of said execution?  
July 17, 1868, George Johnson, colored.

OUTPUT OF COMMERCIAL MINES, HOPKINS COUNTY 1896.

	Tons.
Lump.....	18,381.00
Not lump and not.....	80,795.50
Mixed lump and not.....	11,469.95
Lump, not and not.....	3,307.44
Lump, not and not.....	48.20
Run of mines.....	143,574.72
Slack.....	308.00
Not lump and not.....	375.00
Not lump and not.....	134.56
Not and slack.....	14,315.22
Not and slack.....	14,160.00
Not and slack.....	1,955.15
Slack.....	114,314.25
Coal sold locally not included in above.....	70,376.04
Mine fuel not included in above.....	18,147.00
Total production.....	777,181.95
Coal sold at originating mines.....	25,000.00
Shipped to Eastern ovens and coke.....	14,000.00
Total coal converted into coke.....	49,000.00
Total coke produced.....	12,000.00
COKE SHIPPED.....	70,376.04
Sold locally and used by employees.....	14,669.95
Used for fuel at mines.....	15,311.95
Converted into coke at originating mines.....	25,000.00
Total production.....	777,181.95

## THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE

Has No Ever Known. Words of Praise from a New York Lady for

## AYER'S PILLS

"I would like to add my testimony to that of others who have used Ayer's Pills, and to say that I have taken them for many years, and always derived the best results from their use. For stomach and liver troubles, and for the cure of headache caused by these derangements, Ayer's Pills cannot be equalled."

Another feature in which the new work stands absolutely alone, is in its very full appendix, which embraces over 100 subdivisions, including a Biographical Dictionary, a Dictionary of Technical Terms, a Gazetteer of the United States, Presidential Elections in the United States, Religious Statistics, State and Territorial Election Statistics, Statistics of the population of the world, and a veritable mine of information on thousands of subjects of universal interest and importance.

But it is in its treatment of recent subjects that the Standard American will be found of paramount value. All other encyclopedias are from five to ten years old, and are silent regarding hundreds of topics that every refined work should contain. Such, for instance, as "The X-Ray," "Argon," "Wireless Carriages," "The Atlanta Exposition," "Color Photography," etc., etc. It also gives biographies of hundreds of people who have lately become famous, such as Prof. Roentgen, discoverer of the "X-Ray," Ian MacLaren, Dr. Nansen, the explorer, Rudyard Kipling, etc., etc. On account of its lateness in all these matters, as well as its accuracy, it has become the standard in Schools, Colleges, Courts, Public Libraries, and wherever important questions come up for discussion.

It would therefore seem that no professional man, artisan, mechanic, teacher, pupil, or farmer, can well afford to be without this most useful, practical and latest of all encyclopedias, especially as its price has been so arranged as to make the work a great bargain, and render its possession possible to almost any one who earnestly desires to own it.

Detailed particulars regarding the work and how to secure it at practically your own price, may be found in an advertisement on another page of this issue.

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE? You should be.

## JOB WORK

Will receive prompt attention at this office. Estimates furnished upon application.

## HALF A MILLION DOLLARS.

## Hopkins County First in Coal Production and First to Report the Output.

## DETAILED STATEMENT BY GRADES.

The Coal Shipped Brought in 1896 Three Times the Cash Value of the Tobacco Crop of That Year.

Four weeks ago THE BEE published in its editorial columns a statement of the total output of the mines of Hopkins county, which are classed as "commercial mines," those shipping coal by rail from the mines. The figures then published were from the incomplete returns to the State Inspector of Mines, Mr. C. J. Norwood. We are now able to present the full and official report of Hopkins county's output from Commercial mines by grades for the year 1896. This complete report differs not materially in its total from the first statement, but gives all details of coal output and coke production. The money brought into this county by the sale of the product of these Commercial mines considerably exceeded a half million dollars for 1896.

The following interesting comparison with the County's tobacco crop made by THE BEE is here reproduced:

Half a million of dollars in an off year from the coal industries of Hopkins county is not a small thing for the county, and yet there are those engaged in other pursuits, who devote much of their time to "coasting" the coal companies.

In addition to the value produced by the coal shipped, there is to be considered the tonnage sold locally and used in making steam and heat at the mines.

Besides this, too, is the product of the various small country banks that do not ship coal, and hence do not come in the class of "commercial mines," for which the above figures are made.

The next most important product of Hopkins county is the tobacco crop. This crop was only about a half crop last year, or in the neighborhood of 4,000,000 pounds or less. The average price for this crop is four cents or less, which price is somewhat under the average for a ten year period. Thus the 4,000,000 pounds of the present crop at four cents a pound amounts to a total value for the crop of \$160,000. A full crop would be about double this figure.

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Here is the letter and report:

OFFICE OF THE STATE INSPECTOR OF MINES  
FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 20, 1897.

EDITOR BEE,  
Earlington, Ky.,  
DEAR SIR:—In accordance with promise,

ISSUED COMMERCIAL both one year for..... \$1.25 THE BEE and any leading publication at LOW PRICE.

## HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

## A New Eight-volume Encyclopaedia

## At About Your Own Price.

Every one who has had occasion to consult the cumbersome old encyclopedias for some needed information, will be glad to know of the appearance of a new general reference work built along different lines, so that any child who can read may successfully consult it.

Such a work is The New Standard American Encyclopedia in eight large quarto volumes, and which embraces the substance of all the other encyclopedias, besides a very large amount of new up-to-date matter, none of them contain. It introduces a vast number of new words, names, facts, ideas, locations, methods and developments. It treats, in all, over 60,000 topics, which is from 6,000 to 10,000 more than any other work. The publishers of the "Standard American" have also lavishly embellished the new work. There are over 3,500 illustrations, which cover every conceivable subject, leading new interest to the descriptions, and forming a succession of pleasing surprises. It also contains over 200 colored maps, charts, and diagrams, and constitutes a complete atlas of the world such as no other encyclopedia has undertaken to present. This feature will be found of the highest value in the education of the young, for the pictures and colored maps will have a distinct fascination for them, and thus prove an important incentive to reading and study.

The professional or business man, whose time is money; the teacher, who is called upon to at once answer all sorts of questions; the toiling student and inquiring scholar, at home or abroad, will find in the new work the most useful and practical library in the world for quick and ready reference on all subjects. One who owns it will possess the equivalent of a score of other reference books which would cost many times the price of this.

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Here is the letter and report:

OFFICE OF THE STATE INSPECTOR OF MINES  
FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 2



# The Bee

"By Industry we Thrive."

## L. & N. TIME TABLE.

TIME OF TRAINS AT EARLINGTON.

Effective December 20, 1895.

No.	Time	No.	Time
No. 51	10:35 a.m.	No. 52	10:35 a.m.
No. 53	11:35 a.m.	No. 54	11:35 a.m.
No. 55	12:35 p.m.	No. 56	12:35 p.m.
No. 57	1:35 p.m.	No. 58	1:35 p.m.
No. 59	2:35 p.m.	No. 60	2:35 p.m.
No. 61	3:35 p.m.	No. 62	3:35 p.m.
No. 63	4:35 p.m.	No. 64	4:35 p.m.
No. 65	5:35 p.m.	No. 66	5:35 p.m.
No. 67	6:35 p.m.	No. 68	6:35 p.m.
No. 69	7:35 p.m.	No. 70	7:35 p.m.
No. 71	8:35 p.m.	No. 72	8:35 p.m.
No. 73	9:35 p.m.	No. 74	9:35 p.m.
No. 75	10:35 p.m.	No. 76	10:35 p.m.
No. 77	11:35 p.m.	No. 78	11:35 p.m.
No. 79	12:35 a.m.	No. 80	12:35 a.m.
No. 81	1:35 a.m.	No. 82	1:35 a.m.
No. 83	2:35 a.m.	No. 84	2:35 a.m.
No. 85	3:35 a.m.	No. 86	3:35 a.m.
No. 87	4:35 a.m.	No. 88	4:35 a.m.
No. 89	5:35 a.m.	No. 90	5:35 a.m.
No. 91	6:35 a.m.	No. 92	6:35 a.m.
No. 93	7:35 a.m.	No. 94	7:35 a.m.
No. 95	8:35 a.m.	No. 96	8:35 a.m.
No. 97	9:35 a.m.	No. 98	9:35 a.m.
No. 99	10:35 a.m.	No. 100	10:35 a.m.

## Time Table L. C. R. R.

(Effective July 19, 1895)

EAST BOUND.

No.	Time	No.	Time
No. 1	7:25 a.m.	No. 2	7:25 a.m.
No. 3	8:25 a.m.	No. 4	8:25 a.m.
No. 5	9:25 a.m.	No. 6	9:25 a.m.
No. 7	10:25 a.m.	No. 8	10:25 a.m.
No. 9	11:25 a.m.	No. 10	11:25 a.m.
No. 11	12:25 p.m.	No. 12	12:25 p.m.
No. 13	1:25 p.m.	No. 14	1:25 p.m.
No. 15	2:25 p.m.	No. 16	2:25 p.m.
No. 17	3:25 p.m.	No. 18	3:25 p.m.
No. 19	4:25 p.m.	No. 20	4:25 p.m.
No. 21	5:25 p.m.	No. 22	5:25 p.m.
No. 23	6:25 p.m.	No. 24	6:25 p.m.
No. 25	7:25 p.m.	No. 26	7:25 p.m.
No. 27	8:25 p.m.	No. 28	8:25 p.m.
No. 29	9:25 p.m.	No. 30	9:25 p.m.
No. 31	10:25 p.m.	No. 32	10:25 p.m.
No. 33	11:25 p.m.	No. 34	11:25 p.m.
No. 35	12:25 a.m.	No. 36	12:25 a.m.
No. 37	1:25 a.m.	No. 38	1:25 a.m.
No. 39	2:25 a.m.	No. 40	2:25 a.m.
No. 41	3:25 a.m.	No. 42	3:25 a.m.
No. 43	4:25 a.m.	No. 44	4:25 a.m.
No. 45	5:25 a.m.	No. 46	5:25 a.m.
No. 47	6:25 a.m.	No. 48	6:25 a.m.
No. 49	7:25 a.m.	No. 50	7:25 a.m.
No. 51	8:25 a.m.	No. 52	8:25 a.m.
No. 53	9:25 a.m.	No. 54	9:25 a.m.
No. 55	10:25 a.m.	No. 56	10:25 a.m.
No. 57	11:25 a.m.	No. 58	11:25 a.m.
No. 59	12:25 p.m.	No. 60	12:25 p.m.
No. 61	1:25 p.m.	No. 62	1:25 p.m.
No. 63	2:25 p.m.	No. 64	2:25 p.m.
No. 65	3:25 p.m.	No. 66	3:25 p.m.
No. 67	4:25 p.m.	No. 68	4:25 p.m.
No. 69	5:25 p.m.	No. 70	5:25 p.m.
No. 71	6:25 p.m.	No. 72	6:25 p.m.
No. 73	7:25 p.m.	No. 74	7:25 p.m.
No. 75	8:25 p.m.	No. 76	8:25 p.m.
No. 77	9:25 p.m.	No. 78	9:25 p.m.
No. 79	10:25 p.m.	No. 80	10:25 p.m.
No. 81	11:25 p.m.	No. 82	11:25 p.m.
No. 83	12:25 a.m.	No. 84	12:25 a.m.
No. 85	1:25 a.m.	No. 86	1:25 a.m.
No. 87	2:25 a.m.	No. 88	2:25 a.m.
No. 89	3:25 a.m.	No. 90	3:25 a.m.
No. 91	4:25 a.m.	No. 92	4:25 a.m.
No. 93	5:25 a.m.	No. 94	5:25 a.m.
No. 95	6:25 a.m.	No. 96	6:25 a.m.
No. 97	7:25 a.m.	No. 98	7:25 a.m.
No. 99	8:25 a.m.	No. 100	8:25 a.m.

W. W. EHRIDGE, Agent.

No.	Time	No.	Time
No. 1	7:25 a.m.	No. 2	7:25 a.m.
No. 3	8:25 a.m.	No. 4	8:25 a.m.
No. 5	9:25 a.m.	No. 6	9:25 a.m.
No. 7	10:25 a.m.	No. 8	10:25 a.m.
No. 9	11:25 a.m.	No. 10	11:25 a.m.
No. 11	12:25 p.m.	No. 12	12:25 p.m.
No. 13	1:25 p.m.	No. 14	1:25 p.m.
No. 15	2:25 p.m.	No. 16	2:25 p.m.
No. 17	3:25 p.m.	No. 18	3:25 p.m.
No. 19	4:25 p.m.	No. 20	4:25 p.m.
No. 21	5:25 p.m.	No. 22	5:25 p.m.
No. 23	6:25 p.m.	No. 24	6:25 p.m.
No. 25	7:25 p.m.	No. 26	7:25 p.m.
No. 27	8:25 p.m.	No. 28	8:25 p.m.
No. 29	9:25 p.m.	No. 30	9:25 p.m.
No. 31	10:25 p.m.	No. 32	10:25 p.m.
No. 33	11:25 p.m.	No. 34	11:25 p.m.
No. 35	12:25 a.m.	No. 36	12:25 a.m.
No. 37	1:25 a.m.	No. 38	1:25 a.m.
No. 39	2:25 a.m.	No. 40	2:25 a.m.
No. 41	3:25 a.m.	No. 42	3:25 a.m.
No. 43	4:25 a.m.	No. 44	4:25 a.m.
No. 45	5:25 a.m.	No. 46	5:25 a.m.
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No. 49	7:25 a.m.	No. 50	7:25 a.m.
No. 51	8:25 a.m.	No. 52	8:25 a.m.
No. 53	9:25 a.m.	No. 54	9:25 a.m.
No. 55	10:25 a.m.	No. 56	10:25 a.m.
No. 57	11:25 a.m.	No. 58	11:25 a.m.
No. 59	12:25 p.m.	No. 60	12:25 p.m.
No. 61	1:25 p.m.	No. 62	1:25 p.m.
No. 63	2:25 p.m.	No. 64	2:25 p.m.
No. 65	3:25 p.m.	No. 66	3:25 p.m.
No. 67	4:25 p.m.	No. 68	4:25 p.m.
No. 69	5:25 p.m.	No. 70	5:25 p.m.
No. 71	6:25 p.m.	No. 72	6:25 p.m.
No. 73	7:25 p.m.	No. 74	7:25 p.m.
No. 75	8:25 p.m.	No. 76	8:25 p.m.
No. 77	9:25 p.m.	No. 78	9:25 p.m.
No. 79	10:25 p.m.	No. 80	10:25 p.m.
No. 81	11:25 p.m.	No. 82	11:25 p.m.
No. 83	12:25 a.m.	No. 84	12:25 a.m.
No. 85	1:25 a.m.	No. 86	1:25 a.m.
No. 87	2:25 a.m.	No. 88	2:25 a.m.
No. 89	3:25 a.m.	No. 90	3:25 a.m.
No. 91	4:25 a.m.	No. 92	4:25 a.m.
No. 93	5:25 a.m.	No. 94	5:25 a.m.
No. 95	6:25 a.m.	No. 96	6:25 a.m.
No. 97	7:25 a.m.	No. 98	7:25 a.m.
No. 99	8:25 a.m.	No. 100	8:25 a.m.

## Earlington Happenings.

News Notes—Personal Paragraphs and Other Doings at Home Worthy of Special Mention

Mrs. Lizzie Meyers has been quite sick the past week.

Miss Dona Wood spent last Monday in Madisonville.

Mrs. T. J. McEuen spent a few days in Madisonville last week.

Lex Jackson is one of the many who are suffering with the measles.

Mr. T. G. Terry, of Evansville, was in town on business last week.

Miss Daisy Rice, of Hopkinsville, visited relatives here last week.

Miss Maggie Barnett, of Manito, was in this city a few days last week.

Pete Davis, Jr., attended the Baker-Wright nuptials at Paducah yesterday.

Mrs. W. W. Etheridge and children are visiting relatives in Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. J. T. Mattingly, of Morganfield, was in town a few days last week, on business.

Mrs. John Allen, of Louisville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. C. Atkinson, who is quite sick.

A party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Sisk, on Tuesday evening, was very much enjoyed by all who attended.

Mrs. J. M. Victory went to St. Vincent Tuesday to visit her daughter, Miss Bettie, who is attending school there.

On March 11, the ladies of the W. C. T. U. will give a "Box Lunch" supper. Particulars will be given as the time nears.

Lost—A small black pocket-book, containing \$1.00. Finder will please return it to little Harry Christian, who is much distressed.

If you are interested in encyclopedias you will enjoy inspecting our set of Standard American Encyclopedia on exhibition in this office.

The Bachelor Maids contemplate giving a "Charade Evening" in the near future. The bachelors had better be on their best behavior if they want an invite.

Mr. Barton Crutchfield has sold his black pacing mare Oils (3.35) to Mr. D. C. Pitney of Evansville, Ind. She has shown a half mile in 1.07 1/2 on a country half-mile track.

The flood gates have been open. Gutter, branch, creek and Lake were booming Saturday and Sunday. The big valve under the dam at Loch Mary had to be open for many hours.

Mr. Feland no longer depends on the weather bureau for information. He has his very own groundhog that appears and disappears to warn the household in reference to fair or foul weather.

We have on exhibition in our office a set of the Standard American Encyclopedia advertised on fourth page. These books are open to the inspection of anyone who is interested in works of this character.

Mrs. P. B. Davis attended the wedding of Miss Cammie Baker and Mr. Will Wright, at Paducah, yesterday. Miss Cammie was formerly an Earlington girl and has the best wishes of many friends at this place.

The cure of rheumatism has often taxed medical skill, but its prevention has been very easy by an occasional use of Simmons Liver Regulator. It keeps the liver well regulated and the system free from poison. There is the secret of health. "I have used it for years for indigestion and constipation and also found it gives one relief from a touch of rheumatism."—N. Hughes, Lombard, N. M.

Good Molasses, 15 cents per gallon at W. C. McLeod's.

## Christian County Ticket.

The Christian County Republican Convention met Monday and nominated candidates for county offices as follows: Circuit Court Clerk, J. M. Starling; County Court Clerk, J. P. Prouse; County Attorney, O. H. Anderson; County Judge, J. P. Cansler; Jailor, W. F. Williamson; School Superintendent, Miss Kate McDaniels; Surveyor, David Anderson; Assessor, J. A. Boyd; Coroner, J. B. Allensworth; Representative, Dr. Andrew Sargent; Sheriff, J. J. Barnes.

## The Bachelor Maids.

The Bachelor Maids met with the Misses Burr last Saturday. After the minutes were read the maids listened to an entertaining number of "Chat" edited by Miss Ninnon Umstead. On account of several business topics which had to be decided upon, Italy—the country to be studied for that meeting was postponed.

After discussing various subjects relating to the future pleasure of their Club, the maids adjourned to meet with the Misses Bourland.

## Oratorio.

Next Tuesday evening at 7:15 p. m., will be given at the Church of the Immaculate Conception an Oratorio with explanations. Selections from Joseph Haydn's "Creation" and from Handel's "Messiah" will be rendered by a chorus of sixteen voices. The following is the program:

1. Drometheus Overture, organ—Beethoven.
2. Gloria in excelsis Deo, quartet—Nenecca.
3. Calvary, Bass Solo—Rodney.
4. I Lombardi, organ—Verdi.
5. The Marvelous Work, quartet—Joseph Haydn.
6. The Cradle of Bethlehem, duet.
7. I Durisani, organ—Bellini.
8. On These Earth Living Souls Await, two for Soprano, Tenor and Bass—Joseph Haydn.
9. Etude op. 34—Chopin.
10. Thus Saith the Lord, Bass Solo—Handel.
11. The Heavens are Telling, quartet—Joseph Haydn.
12. Home Sweet Home Variations, organ.

## Gibson's New English Girl.

Charles Dana Gibson, illustrating a short story of a romance of a Princess, for the March *Ladies' Home Journal*, has created what he regards as his typical English girl. She is said to be as distinctive and striking as his famous American girl, and while essentially different she is quite as interesting. The drawing will illustrate Robert C. V. Meyers' story, "The Morning After the Servia Got In."

## Christian Endeavor.

The Christian Endeavor meeting was well attended last Sunday evening, conducted by Miss Minnie Bourland. The service was extended somewhat beyond the usual time limit, as there was no preaching at any of the churches, and it was an enjoyable and profitable meeting.

## Washington's Birthday.

A very pleasing entertainment was given Monday afternoon at the Public School in honor of Washington's Birthday. Patriotic songs and recitations, interspersed with readings and stories from the life of our great hero, an "Army March" and a "Hatchet Drill" made up the program. After a very enthusiastic talk from Mr. Burr the exercise ended with three vociferous cheers for Washington.

## Original Negro Wit.

A party of negroes were standing on the street corner in Earlington a few days ago, when the fast train north whistled for the station. One gave vent to the usual exclamation "Here she comes!" Another soliloquized thus: "Whaffur you allers say 'here she comes,' aint it a mail train?"

Read the original story, "James McDonald, a Story of Washington's Birthday," by Elizabeth Vinques" in this issue. Elizabeth is a modest miss of Hopkins county just in her teens and the Bex takes pleasure in presenting her sweet little story with a moral.

## Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank the public and the members of the Fire Department for their efficient services rendered last Tuesday night Feb. 16, during the fire. They may rest assured that their kindness will never be forgotten.

Respectfully,  
G. C. ALEXANDER.

## Mardi Gras.

On account of Mardi Gras celebrations at Birmingham, Mobile and New Orleans, the L. & N. R. Co. will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip, Feb. 26 to March 1, inclusive final limit fifteen days from date of sale.

The man who does not advertise in this age believes the world is flat, and he will soon know it by arrival at the "jumping-off" place.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.  
I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that I am the owner and proprietor of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D., 1895.

A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Great variety of Valentines at W. C. McLeod's.

## COL. FOARD INTERVIEWED.

Tells About His Splendid Herd of Jersey Cattle and Their Excellent Record.

## HIS STORY OF PROFITABLE CATTLE

Should Be of Interest to Every Farmer in Hopkins County—Our Stock Must Be Improved.

Mr. Jo F. Foard, the President of the Hecla Coal Company and also manager of the Hecla Jersey Cattle Company, when asked by the Bee the other day, to make a statement in regard to what he was doing and how he was getting on with his herd responded:

In May 1892, we bought fourteen head of the very best of the Tennessee strains, at the closing out sales of Dr. Morrow's large herd, paying a very high price for the same, as they ranked as the very best in the whole country. They were shipped immediately to the Hecla Coal Company's farm. The most of them were aged cows and were bought with the view of starting a herd for dairy and breeding purposes.

Amongst them was Noonday, a son of Tormentor, the sire of other Jersey tested daughters and very justly regarded as the best Jersey bull of the world, living or dead. He stands today, however as second best, having been eclipsed by "Zeile of St. Lambert," who has about fifty tested daughters to his credit. In the herd are several daughters of Noonday and they have been true to their excellent breeding, many of them having made the test of fourteen pounds and over in seven days. It may be well, here, to explain to the uninformed that the test of no animal, according to the rule of the American Jersey Cattle Club, will be recorded unless she shows fourteen pounds or more of butter in seven days. This test has to be properly sworn to and attested.

We have a herd now of about forty head. Many of the old ones have died from old age while many of the younger ones have been sold to parties at a distance. Some have gone to New York, some to Pennsylvania, some to Texas, Missouri, Indiana, Alabama, Tennessee and the Blue Grass region of this state. Not one has ever been sold, strange to say, in this region. At the auction sales in Louisville, in November 1895, we sold three heifers, with first calf, at an average of \$32.50 each. Many bull calves have gone off to other states at \$100 each when about a month old. A gentleman of St. Paul, Nebraska, sent an offer for one of our bull calves, \$200 to be shipped when a month old. This would have been accepted, as that was the price we were asked, but unfortunately the day before we were to ship him, he concluded to die on our hands. He was a son of Tealea, who was the best daughter of Old Signal and, while living, was published as the best living Jersey cow. She gave (official record), eight gallons of milk in one day which made nearly four pounds of butter. She was fifteen years old, when we purchased her and was somewhat beyond great milking performance, but she dropped us two fine bull calves; the fate of the one, we have just told you; the other is now at the head of our herd. Since 1894, we have made and placed on record of the Jersey herd book, the following tests, and we doubt if any herd can make a better showing:

No.	Libs.	Oz.
Ruth Morgan 2nd.....	37034	19 6.35
Tate 3rd.....	40804	17 6
Stella of Lincoln.....	46038	15 5.35
Silvia of Tormentor.....	14650	15 11.15
Flores Pansy and.....	72678	15 10.45
Rosette M.....	72677	14 6.35
Harry's Ruth Morgan.....	107775	14 12.5
Elvied D.....	8206	14 1.15
Johnnie.....	99797	17 12
Calistene Pansy.....	99700	17 8
Elvied.....	99684	15 8

Heretofore, our people have consumed all the product of the dairy, but lately on account of the large increase of our herd we have been compelled to ship some of the butter.

We will start a milk wagon in your town, the first of next month, and feed the shipments will cease.

Mr. B. C. Brown, a graduate of the Toronto University, Canada, Agricultural Department, has charge of our dairy and herd and is perfectly conversant with all the modern appliances and engaged in taking care of milk and cream and making first class butter—in fact he never makes a mistake in these things, as he does no guess work.

In addition to the dairy and herd, the Company has some thoroughbred registered Berkshire. The male and female, to make the start, were procured at a high price from Mr. M. A. Goldston; of Lebanon, Tenn., President of the National Berkshire Association of the United States.

They are beauties. Five, of all the first litter, have been disposed of, the St. Bernard taking one of the males, Mr. Jno. Osborne and Mr. Slaton the others—two males and two females each. Within a twelve month the sow has followed three times.

Truth is a Nutshell.

Impure blood is the natural result of close confinement in house, school room or shop.

Blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all the disagreeable results of impure blood disappear with the use of this medicine.

If you wish to feel well, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine.

L. H. O'Brien and wife are rejoicing over the arrival of another fine son, born Feb. 3, 1897. Both mother and boy are doing well.

The entering wedge of a fatal complaint is often a slight cold, which a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral might have cured at the commencement. Therefore, it is advisable to have this prompt and sure remedy always at hand to meet an emergency.

Twenty-five pounds of Sugar at W. C. McLeod's for \$1.00.

Fifteen bars good Laundry Soap at W. C. McLeod's for 25 cents.

Ten pounds Green Coffee at W. C. McLeod's for \$1.00.

Good Broom for 10 cents at W. C. McLeod's.

Subscribe for THE BEE.

## MADISONVILLE.

Mrs. H. H. Holman and Master Montgomery are visiting in Dawson.



